LIGHT



Features

- Pb free product RoHS compliant
- Low power consumption, High efficiency
- General purpose leads
- Reliable and rugged
- Long life solid state reliability
- ◆ Radiant angle: 18 °

Package Dimension

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Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameter	MAX.	Unit	
Power Dissipation	75	mW	
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA	
Peak Forward Current ^{*3}	0.8	А	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating Temperature	-40 to + 85		
Storage Temperature	-40° C to $+100^{\circ}$ C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [2mm From Body]	260 for 3 Seconds		
Lead Soldering Temperature [5mm From Body]	260 for 5 Seconds		

1. Storage

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30 °C temperature or 70% relative humidity.

It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

2. Precautions in handling:

- When soldering, leave 2mm of minimum clearance from the resin to the soldering point.
- Dipping the resin to solder must be avoided.
- Correcting the soldered position after soldering must be avoided.
- In soldering, do not apply any stress to the lead frame particularly when heated.
- When forming a lead, make sure not to apply any stress inside the resin.
- Lead forming must be done before soldering.
- It is necessary to cut the lead frame at normal temperature.

3. Peak Forward Current:

Condition for is IFP pulse : 0.1ms and duty /100.

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Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta= 25° C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Radiant Intensity	Ie		45		mW/sr	I _F =20mA (Note 1,3)
Viewing Angle	1/2		18		deg	(Note 2)
Peak Wavelength			940		nm	I _F =20mA
Spectral Line Half- Width	Δ		50		nm	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage	V _F		1.25	1.5	V	I _F =20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			100	μΑ	V _R =5V

Note:

- 1. Point sources of the amount of radiation per unit time in a given direction within the unit solid Angle radiated energy.
- 2. $_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the Radiant Intensity is half the axial Radiant Intensity.
- 3. The Ie guarantee should be added $\pm 15\%$ tolerance.

300 5s •C standard curve 250 235 °C ... 260 °C limit curves wave 200 1. wave 150 ca 200 K/s K/s 5 K/s 100* 100 forced cooling 500 50 100 150 200 250 0 s Part No. LG-05IR3C94B-5118Z Page 4 of 9

Recommended Wave Soldering Profile

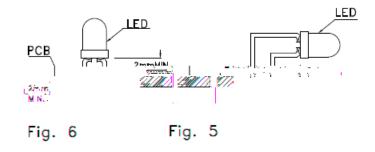
LG-QR-R009-01

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LEAD FORMING PROCEDURES

1. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (Fig.5 and Fig.6).

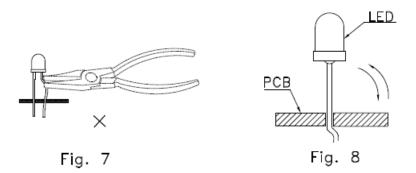


2. Lead forming or bending must be performed before soldering, never during or after soldering.

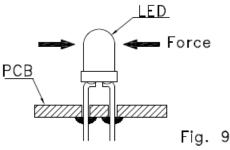
3. Do not stress the LED lens during lead-forming in order to fractures in the lens epoxy and damage the internal structures.

4. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB (Fig.7).

5. Do not bend the leads more than twice(Fig.8)



6. After soldering or other high-temperature assembly, allow the LED to cool down to 50 before applying force (Fig.9). In general, avoid placing excess force on the LED to avoid damage. For any questions please consult with LIGHT representative for proper handling procedures.



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